## **IN THE CLAIMS**

1. (Previously Presented) A method of forming a gate oxide layer on a semiconductor substrate comprising:

forming an oxide layer on the substrate by oxidizing the substrate in a chemical vapor deposition furnace;

introducing nitric oxide (NO) gas into the chemical vapor deposition furnace; and nitriding the oxide layer in the presence of the nitric oxide gas.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the oxide forming and nitriding steps are performed at approximately the same temperature.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the oxide forming step is performed at a pressure of about 1.5 atm. or less.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the nitriding step is performed at a pressure of about 1.5 atm. or less.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the nitriding step is performed at a pressure of about 1.0 atm. or less.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the oxide forming and nitriding steps are performed at a temperature of about  $800\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  or less.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a step of reoxidizing the semiconductor substrate in a second oxidation step after the nitriding step.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a step of depositing a gate electrode layer on top of the nitrided oxide layer.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the gate electrode layer comprises a polysilicon layer or a polycrystalline silicon/germanium layer.
  - 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the gate electrode layer further comprises

a tungsten layer or a tungsten silicide layer.

- 11. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising a step of doping the gate electrode layer with dopant.
  - 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the dopant is boron.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises Si and wherein the step of forming the oxide layer comprises forming an SiO<sub>2</sub> layer.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming the oxide layer comprises reacting the substrate with an oxygen containing gas.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming the oxide layer comprises forming an oxide layer having a thickness of about 15 Å or less.
- 16. (Previously Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein at least 1.5 wt.% of N is incorporated into the oxide layer during the nitriding step.
  - 17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the oxide layer is a dry oxide layer.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 7, further comprising a step of depositing a gate electrode layer on top of the oxidized nitrided gate oxide layer.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A method of nitriding a gate oxide layer on a semiconductor substrate comprising:

nitriding the gate oxide layer in the presence of nitric oxide (NO) gas; wherein the nitriding step is conducted at a temperature of about 800°C or less and at a pressure of about 1 atm or less in a chemical vapor deposition furnace.

20. (Original) The method of claim 19, further comprising a step of oxidizing the nitrided gate oxide layer on the substrate.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, further comprising a step of depositing a gate electrode layer on top of the oxidized nitrided gate oxide layer on the substrate.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 19, further comprising a step of depositing a gate electrode layer on top of the nitrided gate oxide layer on the substrate.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, further comprising a step of doping the gate electrode layer with a dopant.